

GALLIOVA, J., Dr.; GUTMANOVA, A., Dr.

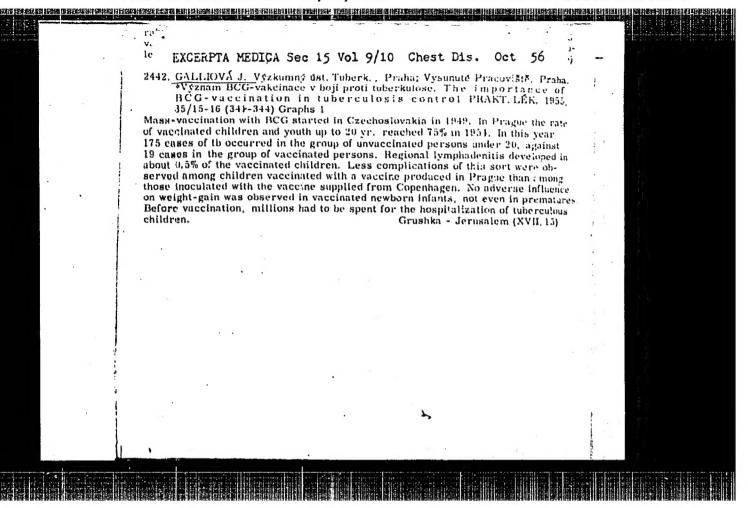
Results of mass vaccination against tubercules in Prague in 1949 to 1950. I. communication. Complications after BCO vaccination. Cas.lek.cesk. 91 no.5:129-138 1 Feb 52.

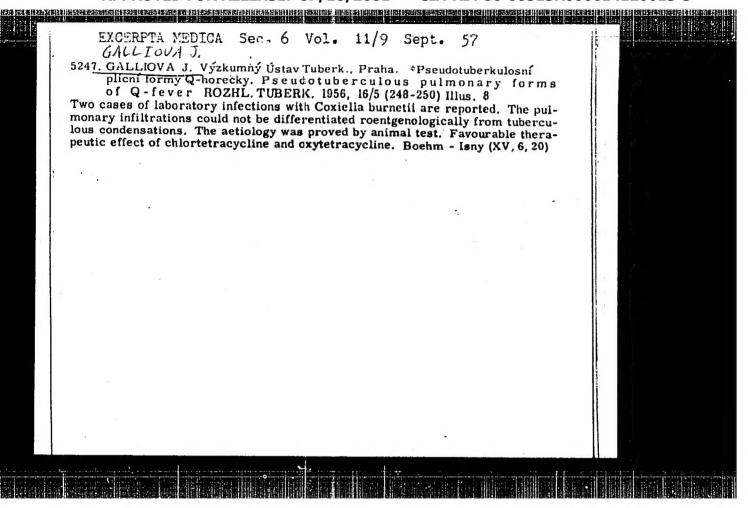
St. zdrav. ustav. Odbor pro mikrobiologii a epidemiologii. Odd. pro vyzkum a diagnostiku tuberdulosy.
 (BCG VACCINATIOM, complications, in Czech. in mass vacc.)

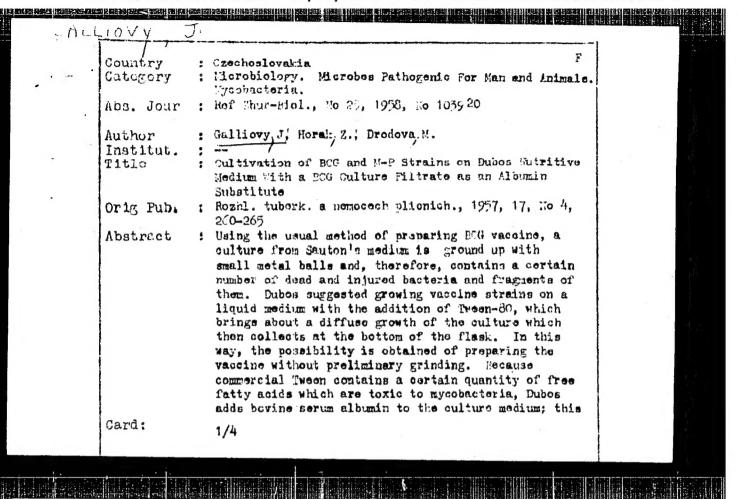
GALLIOVA, J.: FRESLOVA, A.

Mass vaccination against tuberculosis in Prague in 1949-50; BCG vaccination. Gas. lek. cesk. 92 no. 4:94-101 23 Jan 1953. (GLMI 24:2)

1. Of the Department of Tuberculosis Research and Diagnosis of the Division of Microbiology and Epidemiology of the State Health Institute, Prague.







Country Category : Abs. Jour : Ref Zhur-Edol., No 23, 1958, No103920 Author Institut. Title Orig Pub. e neutralizes the toxic effect of the Tween and, in Abstract addition, stimulates the growth of the mycobacteria. Vaccine prepared according to the Dubos method gives a higher percentage of positive and stronger reactions than the usual vaccine on intracutaneous testing, which is apprently explained by the higher content of live bacteria in it. The main objection to the use of vaccine prepared according to the Dubos medification is the impossibility of reliably sterilizing the serum albumin for purposes of preventing the possibility of transmission of virus infections. Therefore, the authors replaced the human albumin in Dubos! medium Card: 2/4 7-71

Country F Category Abs. Jour : Rof Ehur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 105920 Author Institut. Title Orig Pub. Abstract ; with filtrates from an 8-week subsurface BCG culture or M-P strain in a synthetic medium consisting of )(Cont.) K2HP04 1.5 grams, Mg304 0.1 gram, asparagine 1.5 grams, glycerin 5.0 grams, distilled water 1000 oc and 10% Tween, or a 3-week culture on Sauton's medium filtered through a Birkhaug apparatus under pressure. Both filtrates are sterilized by passage through a Seitz filter. The filtrates obtained possess detoxifying properties similar to albumin but are almost completely devoid of growth factors, for which reason the BCO and M-P strains, which generally grow well on Dubos! medium with the culture filtrates, cannot withstand a large number of transplantations using this medium. Card: 3/4

NEJEDIA, Z.; GALLIOVA, J.

A comment on the technic of vaccination against tuberculosis.
Cesk.pediat.16 no.1:54-57 Ja '61.

1. Ustav pro peci o matku a dite v Praze-Podoli, reditel doc. dr.
M. Vojta; Vyskumny ustav tuberkulosy v Praze 12, reditel doc. dr.
R. Krivinka.

(BOG VACCINATION)

Southry: Contingious Research Institute (Vyzkurny until tuberkalesy), Propie. Director Affiliation: Second Dr R. [Amiola] KNIVERA.

Source: Prague, Revenuely V Tuberkalese a v Democech Phionich, No 5, May 61, yp 356-359

Data: "BOG Vaccination with Isonizaid-Resistant Vaccine"

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

SERY, V; JEZEK, Z; SVANDOVA, E; FUCHSOVA, M; GALLIOVA, J; CHYTROVA, K.

1. Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology (Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie), Prague; 2. Tuberculosis Ward OUNZ (The (Tuberkulozni oddeleni OUNZ), Litomerici; 3. Research Institute of Tuberculosis (Vyzkumny ustav is in institute), Prague (for all)

Prague, Rozhledy v tuberkulose, no 5, 1963, projek pp 324-332

"The Utilization of the Tuberculosis Test for Studies on the Incidence of Mycobacterium bovis,"

CZECHOSIOVAKIA

SUIA, L; CALLIOVA, J.

Prague, Rozheldy v tuberkulose, no 9, 1963, pp 585-588

XPRMIX "Prospects of Collective Antituberculous Vaccination in Advanced Countries and Those in Stage of Development."

SIR, 2; GANDONA, 6; SHORANA, ; SHORANA, II.

1. Adopted Thistic of Temporalogic (Vyskumny ustav tamerkalogy), France; Shorana of Shidemiology and Microbiology (Ustav shidemiologic a microbiologic), France, Roshledy v tuberhalose, No 9, 1079, 11 605-611

"Comparison of her are of Subercalia Cente after Mantoux and after Monrad in Stanley of Following 800 and Bubos Vaccine."

CALLID, C.

Afforestation of prints. p. 87.

BIOLOGICHTSKAIA NAUKA; SELSKOMU I LESHOMU KHOZIAISTVU. (Latvijas PSR Zinatru akademija. Biologijas zinatnu medala) Riga, Latvia, No. 3, 1957.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), IL, Vol. 0, No. 8, August 1959. Uncla.

GALLO, A

GALLO, A Friendship between motorists and miners. p. 5

Vol. 8, No. 22, Nov. 1955 Budapest, Hungary AUTO MOTOR

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol.5, No. 3, March, 1956

GALLO, A.

A fifty-year meeting, p. 6
AUTO MOTOR. (Kozlekedesi Kiado) Budapest
Vol 9, No. 12, June 1956

Source: EEAL - LC Vol 5. No 12, June 1956

ailroad or autobus. p. 6
A valubale trial at the shipping enterprises of the food industry. p. 6
Some words on old midget automobiles. p. 7
Vol. 9 No. 19 Oct. 1956.
AUTO-MOTOR Budapest, Hungary.

SOURCE: East European List, (EEAL) Library of Congress Vol. 6, No. 1 January 1956.

"We Should Strive for Better Quality Products." p. 93
(Partr Es lyordatechnika Vol. 5, no. 4, Apr. 1953 Budapest.)

Vol. 2, no. 9
SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions./Library of Congress, Sept 1953, Uncl.

HUNGARY

GALLO, Ferenc, Dr., Chief City Veterinarian, of Eger.

"Pulmonary Edema in Pigs and Its Treatment with a Mixture of Pipolphen and Novurit"

Budapest, Magyar Allatorvosok Lapja, Vol 21, No 6, Jun 1966, pp 253-255.

Abstract: The incidence of pulmonary edema in pigs owned by private individuals, observed since 1954 in the Eger area, was attributed to the ingestion of germinating wheat kernels. The disease took the intestinal, intestinal + pectoral, or the pectoral course. A combined treatment with Pipolphen (dimethylaminopropylphenothiazine-HCl), an antihistaminic drug, and Novurit (hydroxymercurimethoxypropylamide camphoric acid sodium + teophylline) was effective. The observations were described and discussed in some detail. No references.

1/1

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עם ג חוחום

GALLO, Laszlo; SZEBERENYI, Bela

Food industry piece counting device. Elelm ipar 18 no.2:62-64  $F^{\bullet}64$ 

1. Food Industry Instrumentation and Automation Service, Budapest, and Central Research Institute of Food Industry, Budapest.

ACC NR: AP6028686

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0026/66/011/002/0147/0153

AUTHOR: Gallo, Ondrej (Kosice)

ORG: Department of Descriptive Geometry, Engineering Faculty, Institute of Technology, Kosice (Katedra deskriptivnej geometrie SF VST)

TITLE: Properties of some enveloping helicoidal surfaces

SOURCE: Aplikace matematiky, v. 11, no. 2, 1966, 147-153

TOPIC TAGS: mechanical engineering, motion mechanics, geometry

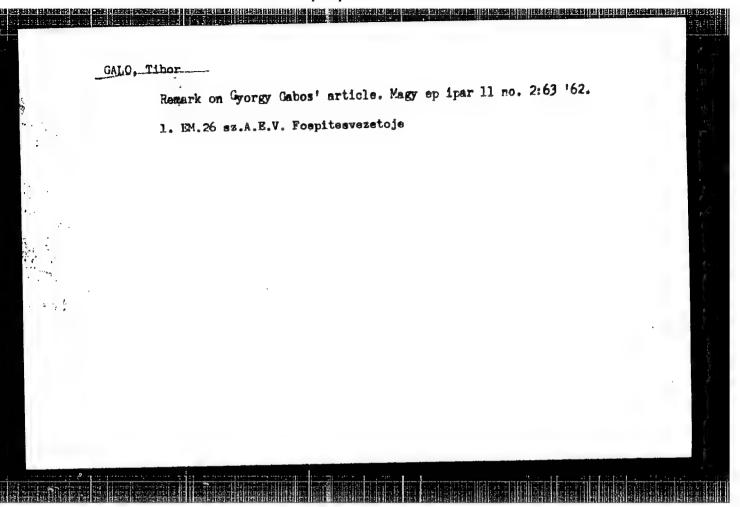
ABSTRACT: The paper deals with some properties of the enveloping helicoidal surfaces formed by the helical motion of developable ruled surfaces. It may be used as a theoretical basis for the design of new types of worn gears. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

[Based on author's Eng. abst.] [JRRS: 36,845]

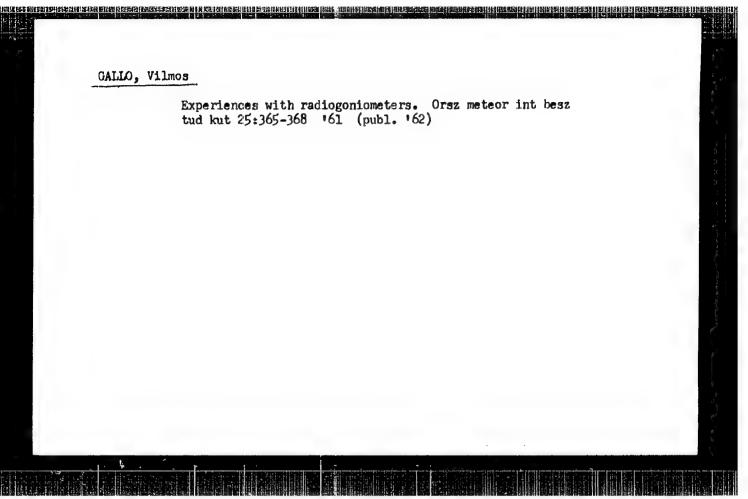
SUB CODE: 13, 12 / SUEM DATE: Olsep64

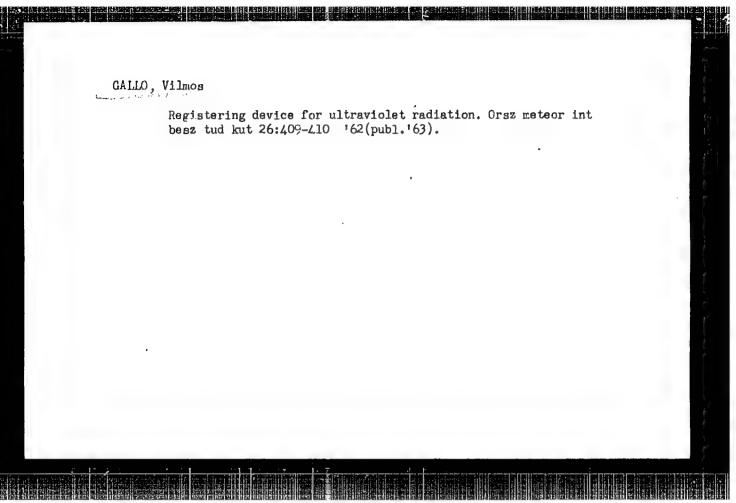
GALLO, Pavol; MARGH, Frantisek; VADOVIC, Jarolim; DIDKA, Ernest

Single chamber washing machine for car wheel set cleaning.
Zel dop tech ll no.ll:340-341 '63.



.30106-66.... HU/0033/66/000/001/0017/0022 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR: AP6020621; AUTHOR: Gallo, Vilmos: Mezosi, Miklos ORG: none TITIE: Five-channel, transistorized lightning counter SOURCE: Idojaras, no. 1, 1966, 17-22 TOPIC TAGS: lightning, anemometer, transistor, weather forecasting, meteorologic instrument ABSTRACT: A CCIR-Sullivan five-channel, transistorized : lightning counter was set in operation at the Marczell Gyorgy Observatory [original-language version not given] in Budapest. Four of the channels are sensitive to ground discharges occurring at distances of 20, 50, 80, and 100 km., respectively; the fifth channel perceives both ground- and cloud-discharges. The number of lightnings is recorded in a postal-type signal recorder; two channels are recorded also by a device adapted from a Robinson-type anemometer. The construction of the system was described and illustrated. The applications of the device in meteorological research. and forecasting were discussed. Orig. art. has: 3 figures. [Orig. art. in Eng.] JPRS/ / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 006 SUB CODE: 04 SOV REF: 001





S/169/62/000/010/039/071 D228/D307

AUT.1023 :

Gallé, Vilmos and Szücs, Zzigmond

TITLE:

Visibility range measuring instruments

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 10, 1962, 21, abstract 103119 (Időjárás, 66, no. 1, 1962, 41-43

(Hun.; summary in Ger.))

TEXT: Visibility range recording instruments that were designed in West Germany are briefly described.

Abstracter's note: Complete translation

Card 1/1

TSELINKO, M.G. (Zhitomir); OREKHOV, V.P. (Ryazan'); PANICH, K.I.;
FEDOROV, I.V. (g. Kurgan); KUL'CHITSKIY, A.P. (g. Kurgan); A.M.
(pos. Tovarkovskiy Bogoroditskogo rayona, Tul'skoy oblasti); GALLOVA,
M. (Bratislava, Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya Respublika;
YANOVICH, I. (Bratislava, Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya
Respublika); KADLECHIK, I. (Bratislava, Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya Respublika); PETRAK, M. (Bratislava, Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya Respublika); PRITOKA, O. (Bratislava, Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya Respublika); LBOV, A.G.

Suggestions and advice. Fiz. v shkole 22 no.6:62-64, 96 N-D 162. (MIRA 16:2)
1. 636-ya shkola, Moskva (for Panich). 2. Chkalovskaya srednyaya shkola Gor'kovskoy oblasti (for Lbov).

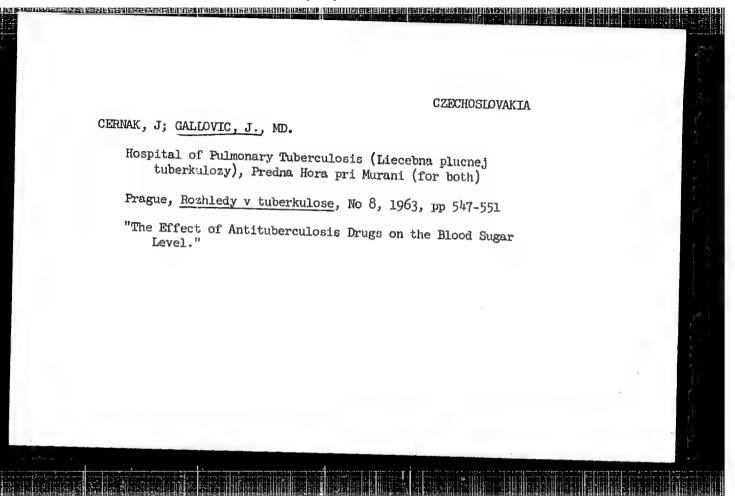
JACINA, J.; TISCHIER, V.; GALIANU S.mc.

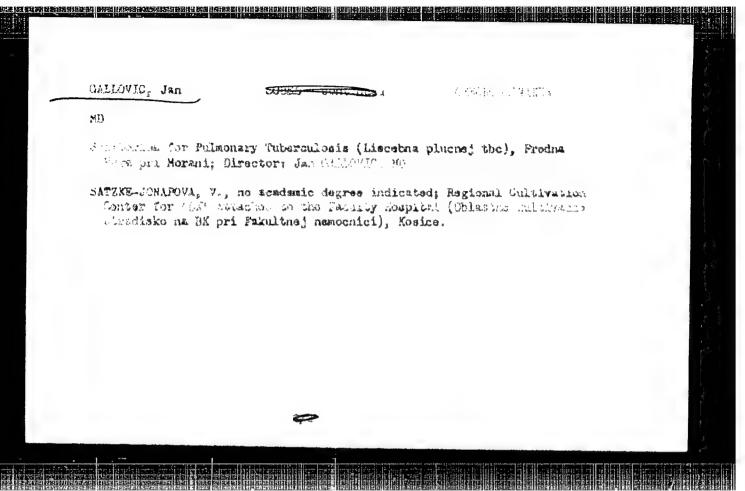
Metabolism of carbohydrates in dystrophic twins. Cesk. pediat. 12 no.8: 682-687 5 Ang 57.

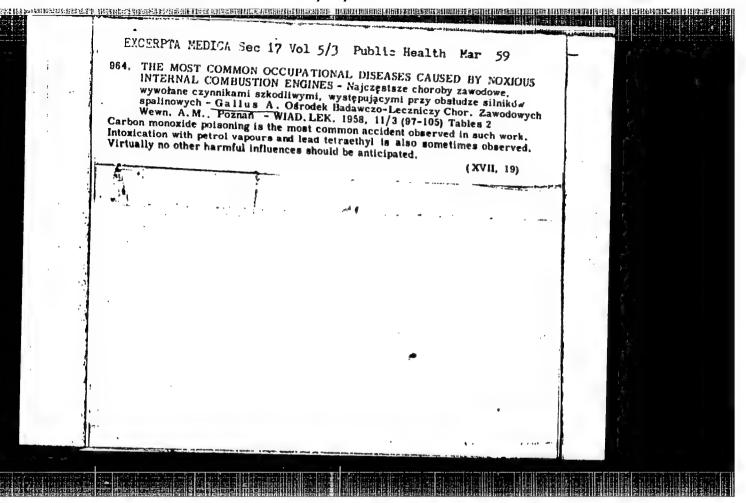
1. Katedra starostlivosti o dieta PLUK v Kosiciach, veduci doc. Dr. F. Demant.

(TWINS, dis. dystrophin, carbohydrate metab. (Cs))

(CARBOHYDMATE, metab. in dystrophic twins (Cs))

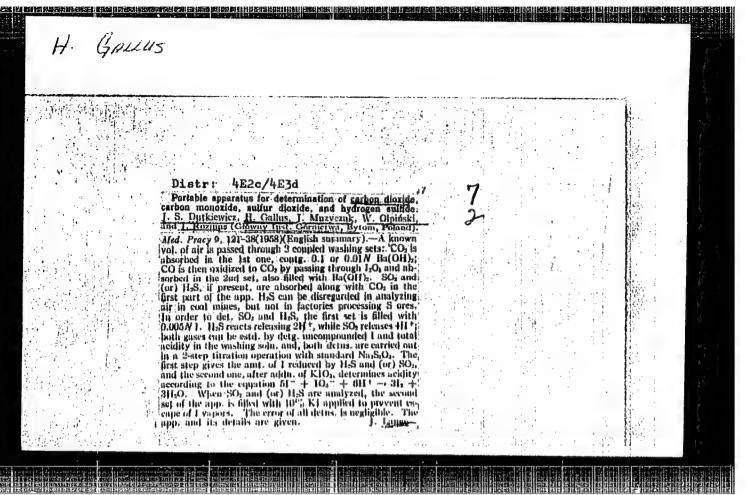






DOBRZANSKA, Irena, dr inz.; GALLUS, Edward.

Load measurements in low-voltage networks. Energetyka Pol 18 no.6:
171-173 Je '64.



POLAND / Analytical Chemistry. Analysis of Inorganic E-2 Substances.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 1, 1959, 982.

Author : Gallus, J.
Inst : Not given.

Title : The Potentiometric Determination of Sodium Sulfide.

Orig Pub: Chem analit., 1957, 2, No 3, 249-254.

Abstract: To determine sodium sulfide by potentiometric titration 40 milliliters of water, 20 milliliters of the solution to be analyzed are transferred into a cell and while being agitated continuously the mixture is titrated potentiometrically with an ammoniacal ZnCl<sub>2</sub> solution (8.3388 grams of

an ammoniacal ZnCl<sub>2</sub> solution (8.3388 grams of ZnO is dissolved in 50 milliliters of concentrated HCl, the solution is diluted with water, to that 185 milliliters of concentrated ammonium hydroxide is added and the mixture is finally diluted

Card 1/2

POLAND / Analytical Chemistry. Analysis of Inorganic E-2 Substances.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 3, 1959, 8011.

Luthor : Gallus, Joanna. Inst : Not given.

Title : Determination of Water by the Karl Fischer Method

in Fluorine Compounds and Some Other Inorganic

Compounds.

Orig Pub: Chem. analit., 1958, 3, No 1, 13-18.

Abstract: For the determination of water in Naf, NH4HF2,

apatite, chalk, citric acid, and also in silicic acid waste formed in the production of fluorine compounds, use is made of a titrimetric method utilizing K. Fischer's reagent (I). The sample being analyzed (0.1-1 g depending on the water content) is placed in the titration cell, 5 ml

Card 1/3

51

POL.ND / analytical Chemistry. analysis of Inorganic E-2 Substances.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 3, 1959, 8011.

Abstract: sults of determination of water in apatite, chalk, and citric acid are compared with data of the gravimetric method. Preparation of the I-solution is described. The method is not suitable for determination of water in cryolite and aluminum fluoride, because of the highly stable combination that those compounds form with water. -- n. Nemo-druk.

Card 3/3

52

GALLUS, Jan State hospital for neurological and psychiatric patients in Krakow-Kobierzyn. Description of its origin and 40 years of existence. Neur. &c polska 10 no.4:527-534 Jl-Ag \*60. (HOSPITAL PSYCHIATRIC)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000614120013-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

GALLUS-OLENDER, J.

Potentiometric determination of active chlorine, chlorides, and chlorates in chlorinated lime. p. 859.

CHEMIA ANALITYCZNA. (Komisja Analityczma Polskiej Akademii Nauk i Naczelna Organizacja Techniczna) Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 3, No. 5/6, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959

UNCL.

GALLUS-OLENDER, Joanna

Polarographic determination of zinc, copper, and lead in magnetite electrodes. Chem anal 6 no.2:269-272 '61. (REAI 10:9)

1. Zaklad Analityczny Instytutu Chemii Nieorganicznej, Gliwice. Kierownik Zakladu: mgr M. Chetkowska.

(Zinc) (Copper) (Lead) (Magnetite) (Electrodes) (Polarograph and polarography)

CHETKOWSKA, Maria, mgr., inz.; GALLUS-OLENDER, Joanna, mgr., inz.; STRZESZEWSKA, Irena, inz.

The continuous control of hydrogen sulfide content in air. Chemik 14 no.10: 0 161.

1. Zaklad Analityczny, Instytut Chemii Nieorganicznej, Gliwice.

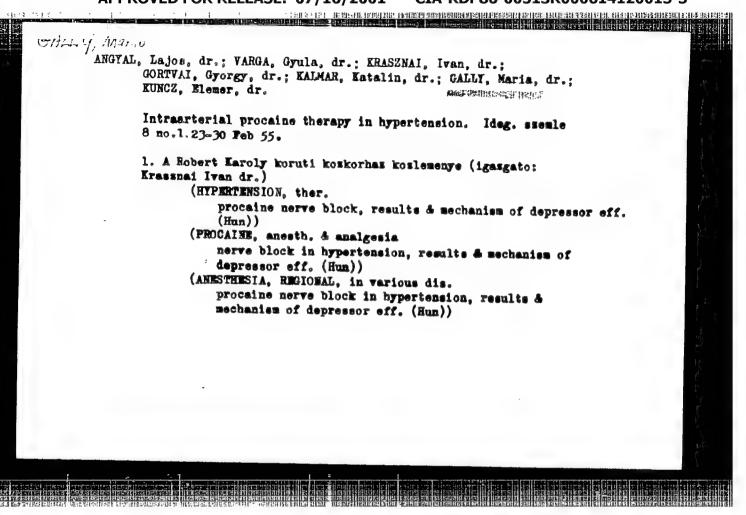
GALLUS-OLENDER, Joanna, mgr inz.

Eleventh International Colloquium on Spectroscopy. Chemik
17 no. 2:65-67 F '64.

TSUKERVANIK, I.P.; GALLUST'YAN, G.G.

Alkylation and acylation of acetoacetic and malonic esters in the presence of copper powder. Zhur. ob. khim. 31 no. 2:528-531 F '61. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Tasakentskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. (Acetoacetic acid) (Malonic acid) (Copper)



YABLONSKIY, V.S. [deceased]; KHARLAMENKO, V.I.; GALLYAMOV, A.K., BORCDAVKIS, P.P.

Tensimetric pressure measurement in flows of viscous and solidifying petroleums and petroleum products. Transp. i khran. naiti no.7:9-12 '63. (MIRA Transp. 1. Ufimskiy neftyanoy institut.

L 29418-66 EVP(k)/EVT(d)/EVT(m)/EVP(w)/EVP(v) IJP(c) EM/WW
ACC NR: AR5020404 SOURCE CODE: UR/0124/65/000/008/V013/V013'

AUTHOR: Sachenkov, A. V.; Gallyamov, T. K.

50 B

TITLE: Large depressions in slanted rotation shells with a zero bend rigidity and affected by steady inside pressure 24

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Mekhanika, Abs. 8V84

REF SOURCE: Sb. Issled. po teorii plastin i obolochek, No. 2. Kazan', Kazansk. un-t, 1964, 71-78

TOPIC TAGS: material structure, material deformation, motion mechanics, rotation, approximation method, spheric shell structure, conic shell structure.

ABSTRACT: The problem of an ultracritical state of slanted rotation shells with a zero bend rigidity and considering large depressions was examined. For the solution of this problem the authors used the consecutive approximation method and accepted the deformed surface of the isometric as the zero approximation. The suggested method was applied to studies of spherical and conical shells affected by inside pressure. A comparison of the data obtained with that provided by

Card 1/2

with the second approximation.	precise solution was already obtained ion. Ye. F. Burmistrov				
SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: none		i dinama			
	•				

LENKEVICH, M.M., dotsent; DYUDINA, Z.T., kand.med. neuk; DANILKOVA, A.I.; MINHALEVA, M.G.; RZHECHITSKAYA, O.V.; kand.med.nauk; GALLYAMOV, V.A.; KOROTKOVA, L.P.

Clinical and experimental research on sulfapyridazine in trachoma. Vest. oft. 76 no.1:62-64 Ja-F'63. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut glaznykh bolezney imeni Gel'mgol'tsa (dir. A.V. Roslavtsev) i Bash-kirskiy trakhomatoznyy institut. (dir. S.Kh.Khalitova). (TRACHOMA) (SULFANILAMIDES)

BORZOVA, L.D.; TORINA, I.V.; ASTAF'YEVA, N.G.; GALLYAMOV, V.M.; SOBOLEVA, L.A.

Determination of vanadium in mazut. Energotekh. ispol'. topl.
no.2:192-198 '62. (MIRA 16:5)

(Mazut-Analysis) (Vanadium-Analysis)

ACC NR: AP6025642

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/013/0093/0093

INVENTOR: Gallyamov, Yu. G.; Koronkevich, V. P.; Yankovskiy, L. V.

ORG: None

TITLE: A dynamometer for measuring static and dynamic forces. Class 42, No. 183442

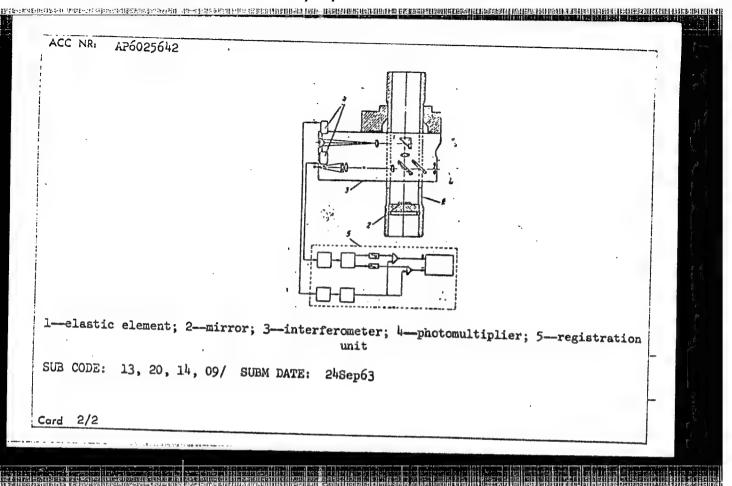
SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 13, 1966, 93

TOPIC TAGS: torque, measuring instrument

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a dynamometer for measuring static and dynamic forces. The instrument contains an elastic element, interferometer and registration unit. The device is designed for improved measurement accuracy, increased sensitivity and minimum time lag in the interferometer. The elastic element is made in the form of a cylinder with a movable section in which the movable interferometer mirror is mounted. The interferometer is firmly fastened to the stationary part of the element and has two outputs producing an interference pattern and signals proportional to deformation of the elastic element. These signals are sent from photomultipliers to the registration unit. The photomultipliers are mounted on the outputs and are dsiplaced in phase by an angle of 90°.

Card 1/2

UDC: 531.781



### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-

### CIA-RDP86-00513R000614120013-3

"Importance of Terrisology in Propering Standar's", F. (7, (Standar's), Vol. 5, Ec. 4/5, Apr./May 1953, Eudepost, Sungary)

SC: Renthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, Sc. 3, March 1955, U cl.

ान्य प्रकार कुल प्रकार कार्या कार्या वा प्रकार हो । विश्व प्रकार हो ।

LENGYEL, Bela, kemiai tudomanyok doktora (Budapest); BOKSAY, Zoltan, a kemiai tudomanyok kandidatusa (Budapest); GALLYAS, Ferenc (Budapest)

Electric conductivity of glass. IV. The effect of bivalent cation mixture on conductivity. Kem tud kozl MTA 15 no.1:35-44 61.

(EEAI 10:6)
1. Eotvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Altalanos es Szervetlen Kemiai
Tanszeke, Budapest.

(Electric conductivity) (Glass) (Cations)

SELLYEI, Mihaly; MAGYAR, Eva; GALLYAS, Ference.

Sex chromatin in rats. Acta morph. acad. sci. Hung. 12 no.4: 288-292 164

1. Budapesti Orvestudomanyi Egyatem I. Korbonctani es Kiserleti Rakkutato Intezet.

HUNGARY

119H H3

GALLYAS, Dr Ferenc, Urological Clinic (Urologiai Klinika) of the College of Medicine (Orvostudomanyi Egyetem), Budapest (Director of Clinic: Prof Dr Antal BABICS, Academician).

"Examinations of Organ Activity Carried Out with Iodine 131-Hippuran in Rats and Rabbits with Renal Occlusion and Acute Uremia"

Budapest, Magyar Radiologia, Vol 18, No 6, Dec 66; pp 365-372.

Abstract [Author's English summary]: The accumulation of iodine 131-hippuran has been examined by author in rats and rabbits with experimental ronal occlusion and acute uremia. The activity of the kidneys has been determined by means of homogenization. It is stated that the results of homogenization are fairly well suitable for the observation of the development of hydronephrosis and for the determination of the function of the kidneys. In the case of uremia, the results obtained are considerably poorer because of the death of the animals. 7 References, of which 3 Hungarian, rost Western

1/1

FODORNE CSANYI, Piroska; GALLYAS, Miklos; LEVAY, Bela

Quantitative determination of two y-radiating isotopes in presence of each other with one-channel amplitude analyzer. Pt. 1. Magy kem folyoir 71 no.3:127-132 Mr 165.

1. Chair of Physical Chemistry and Radiology of Lorand Ectvos University, and Research Group of Electrochemistry of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences. Submitted July 13, 1964.

L 01189-66 EWT(m) DIAAP

ACCESSION NR: AP5025808

HU/0005/65/071/006/0234/0238

AUTHOR: Gallyas, Miklos (Gayyash, M.); Fodorne Csanyi, Piroska (Fodorne Chani.

TITIE: Quantitative determination of two  $\gamma$ -radiating isotopes in the presence of each other with the aid of a single-channel amplitude analyzer. Part 2

SOURCE: Magyar kemiai folyoirat, v. 71, no. 6, 1965, 234-238

TOPIC TAGS: gamma radiation, radioisotope, quantitative analysis, electronic test equipment

ABSTRACT: The method described for the determination of two y-radiating isotopes in the presence of each other (such as Na-22, I-131, and Cs-137) is based on the method described by COVELL, D. F. (Analytical Chemistry, Vol 31, 1959, p 1785). The modifications of the original procedure were described and some results were presented to illustrate the applications of the modified technique. The principal advantage of the modifications is that they enable a determination to be completed in 20-25 minutes, as compared to 1.5 = 2 hours for the original method.

Orig. art. has: 5 tables, 12 formulas.

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	Group for E. SUBMITTED:	lectrochemistry) 04Nov64	ENCL:					CODE:	NP GC	14		
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GARLET A RESEARCH HUSDING HESDEATHNING FOR MARTINS AND RECOMMINENT HU HOLDER FOUNDE FOLHS IT LIBERT SERVICE HER DE HAD DE HAD DE CANADA SERVICE HE

ACRIKOLA, Georgiy [Agricola, Georg]; GAL'MINAS, V.A.[translator];
DROBINSKIY, A.I.[translator]; SHUKHARDIN, S.V., red.;
PETROVSKIY, I.G., akademik, red.; ANDREYEV, N.N., akademik,
red.; KAZANSKIY, B.A., akademik, red.; YUDIN, P.F., akademik,
red.; DELONE, B.N., red.; SAMARIN, A.M., red.; ZUBOV, V.P.,
prof., red.; LEBEDEV, D.M., prof., red.; FIGUROVSKIY, N.A.,
prof., red.; KUZNETSOV, I.V., doktor filos. nauk, red.;
BORODINA, R.M., red. izd-va; YEPIFANOVA, L.V., tekhn. red.;
DOROKHINA, I.N., tekhn. red.

[Mining and metallurgy; in twelve books]0 gornom dele i metallurgii; v dvenedtsati knigakh. Red. S.V.Shukhardina, perevod i primechaniia V.A.Galiminasa i A.I.Drobinskogo. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1962. 597 p. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Delone, Samarin).

(Mines and mineral resources)

(Metalwork)

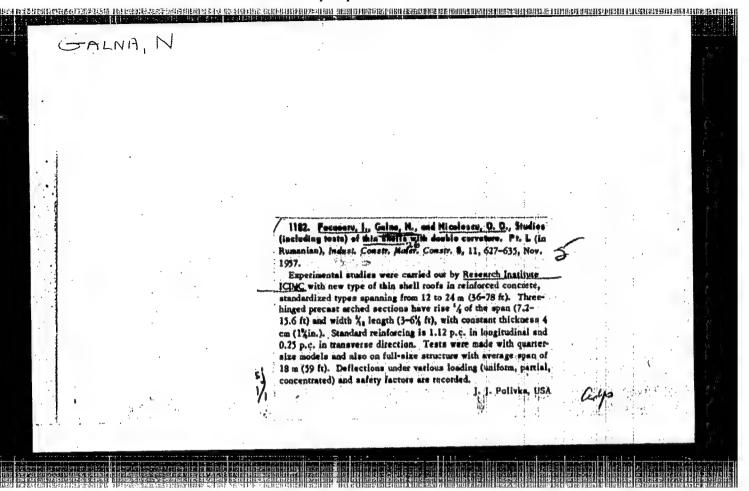
GAIMUS, G.; SAMUEL, I.

Action of a chelating agent on the evolution of experimental infection with several viruses and the development of certain tumors: Ehrlich ascites carcinoma and Rous sarcoma. II. Stud. cercet. inframiorobiol. 13 no.3:375-384 '62.

1. Comunicare presentata la Institutul de inframicrobiologie al Academiel R.P.R.

(INFLUENZA) (HERPES VIRUS INFECTIONS) (ROUS SARCOMA)

(CARCINOMA, EHRLIGH TUMOR) (EDATHAMIL) (TUMOR VIRUSES)



SOV/136-59-2-7/24

AUTHORS:

Diomidovskiy, D.A., Shalygin, L.M., Gal'nbek, A.A.

and Yuzhaninov, I.A.

TITIE:

Continuous Converting of Mattes (Nepreryvnoye

konvertirovaniye shteynov)

PERIODICAL: Tswetnyye Metally, 1959, Nr 2, pp 27-34 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The authors discuss some shortcomings of the present converter process, the chief of which is its discontinuity. They discuss the heat balance of the process in terms of the variation of the calorific value of the matte and minimal permissible blast utilisation with variation in its copper content (Fig 1 and 2 respectively). Preliminary tests showed that blowing the matte in suspension was not effective

and the authors concentrated on top blowing through watercooled tuyeres of the matte flowing through a container

(Fig 3). Work with cold hydraulic models and hot

laboratory-scale installations was followed by tests on a 1-tonne (matte) hot installation at the Balkhashskiy Medeplavil nyy Zavod (Balkhash Copper-smelting Works).

Card 1/3

This (Fig 4) consisted of a cylindrical horizontal

.Continuous Converting of Mattes

SOV/136-59-2-7/24

furnace rotatable about a vertical axis. The furnace was lined with chrome-magnesite brick with heat insulation and had a welded iron shell. The matte entered at one end where the tuyere was located and flux was added, while the slag left at the other end. A type ZIF-51 compressor (rated at 200 nm3/hr at up to 6 atm gauge) and oxygen cylinders provided the blast. Facilities for temperature, gas-composition and flow measurements were provided. Observations of the interaction between the blast, matte, slag and lumps of flux (Fig 5) showed that a tuyere inclination was an important factor. Fig 6 shows the degree of utilisation of oxygen (%) as a function of tuyere inclination (degrees) for heights of tuyere nose above the surfaces of 150 to 200 mm (curve 1) and 250 to 300 mm (curve 2). Optimal conditions for air blowing were established as 70 to 80° tuyere inclination, 4 to 5 atm gauge blast pressure, 300 to 350 mm tuyere-nose height above bath. The results (table 1) showed that the tuyere height above the bath could be increased without reducing oxygen utilisation by oxygen-enrichment of the blast. Chemical

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Continuous Converting of Mattes

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compositions of products obtained under the above optimal condition with air blast (tables 2 and 3) were 0.37 to 1.64 and 23.58 to 28.80% Cu and SiO2, respectively in slag and 72.66 to 78.49 and 98.52 to 99.60% Cu in white matte and crude copper respectively. The authors outline one of their proposed continuous—converter processes (the converter is shown in Fig 7) put forward on the basis of their experimental results. They propose a blast pressure of at least 6 to 10 atm gauge and suggest that because of its high concentration the SO2 in the converter waste gas could be utilised. They consider the process particularly attractive with blast oxygenation and applicable to various materials e.g. ferronickel. There are 7 figures, 3 tables and

ASSOCIATION: Ieningradskiy Gornyy Institut (Ieningrad Mining Institute)

Card 3/3

# GAL'NEEK, A.A. Effect of hydrodynamic factors on the loss of metal and current efficiency during the electrolysis of fused salts. TSvet. met. 34 no.12:54-59 D '61. (MIRA 14:12) 1. Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut. (Nonferrous metals—Electrometallurgy)

ROTINYAN, A.L.; GAL'NBEK, A.A.; SUROVTSEVA, S.P.

Current efficiency in the electrolysis of fused salts. TSvet.

met. 34 no.10:40-45 0 '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni Lensoveta.
(Nonferrous metals--Electrometallurgy)

FEDOT'YEV, N.P., prof.; ALAHYSHEV, A.F.; ROTHMAN, A.L.; VYACHESLAVOV, P.M.; ZHIVOTINSKIY, P.B.; CAL'NBEK, A.A.; MORGAOHEVSKIT, A.G., red.; ERLIKH, Ye.Ya., tekhn. red.

[Applied electrochemistry]Prikladnaia elektrokhimia. Leningrad, Goskhimizdat, 1962. 638 p. (MIRA 15:12)

(Electrochemistry)

联结合,这种主义,这种主义,我们是一个人的主义,我们是一个人的主义,我们是一个人的主义,我们是一个人的主义,我们是一个人的主义,我们是一个人的主义,我们是一个人的

GAL' NBEK, A.A.; ROTINYAN, A.L.

Investigating the effect of various factors on current efficiency in the electrolysis of fused lead chloride. Zhur.prikl.khim. 35 no.4:787-795 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

l. Kafedra elektrokhimii Leningradskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta imeni Lensoveta.

(Lead chloride) (Electrolysis)

S/080/62/035/006/011/013 D204/D307

AUTHORS:

Gal'nbegk, A.A. and Rotinyan, A. L.

TITLE:

The mechanism of metallic losses in electrolysis of

fused salts

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, v. 35, no. 6, 1962,

1314-1322

TEXT: The lowering of current efficiency of Pb and Zn, in the electrolysis of  $PbCl_2$  and  $ZnCl_2$  respectively were determined in relation to current density (D) and temperature, under various conditions, to explain the mechanism of such losses. The latter increased linearly with D between  $0-0.32~\text{A/cm}^2$  and were also higher at higher temperatures; e.g. for Pb at  $0.24~\text{A/cm}^2$ , losses were  $\sim 10^{-4}~\text{M}$  g.atom/cm<sup>2</sup> of cathode hr at  $550^{\circ}$ C, rising to  $\sim 11~\text{x}~10^{-4}$  at  $750^{\circ}$ C. The losses occurring when D = 0 are ascribed to a "mechanical" cause, specifically to the dissolution of metal in the melt, transport to the surface and volatilization or oxidation. The extent of Card 1/3

The mechanism of ...

S/080/62/035/006/011/013 D204/D307

such losses is, therefore, governed by hydrodynamic factors such as stirring. The losses proportional to D were termed "electrochemical" and could not be explained by (1) increased circulation of the melt due to stirring with anodic gases, (2) kinetics of the electrode process, or (3) existence of a partial electronic conductance in the melt. It was, however, observed that electrochemical losses did not occur in the absence of anodic gases. At 600°C, with D = O, the electrochemical loss of Pb increased linearly with the amount of gas bubbled through the fused electrolyte, but was independent of the gas itself (Cl<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, air). A corresponding straight line relationship was observed between the loss and current strength during electrolysis, when no extraneous gases were introduced. Such losses are thus ascribed to the entrainment of volatilized products, formed when the metal dissolves in the melt, with the anodic gas bubbles, followed by escape of the mixed va-

\_ASSOCIATION: Kafedra elektrokhimii Leningradskogo tekhnologiches-Card 2/3

pors from the system. There are 9 figures.

The mechanism of ...

S/080/62/035/006/011/013 D204/D307

kogo instituta imeni Lensoveta (Department of Electro-chemistry of the Leningrad Technological Institute imeni Lensovet)

SUBMITTED: July 22, 1961

Card 3/3

DIOMIDOVSKIY, Dmitriy Aleksandrovich, prof., doktor tekhn. nauk;

SHALYGIN, Len Mikhaylovich, dots.; GAL'NBEK, Arnol'd

Andreyevich, inzh.; YUZHANINOV, Igor' Aleksandrovich, kand.

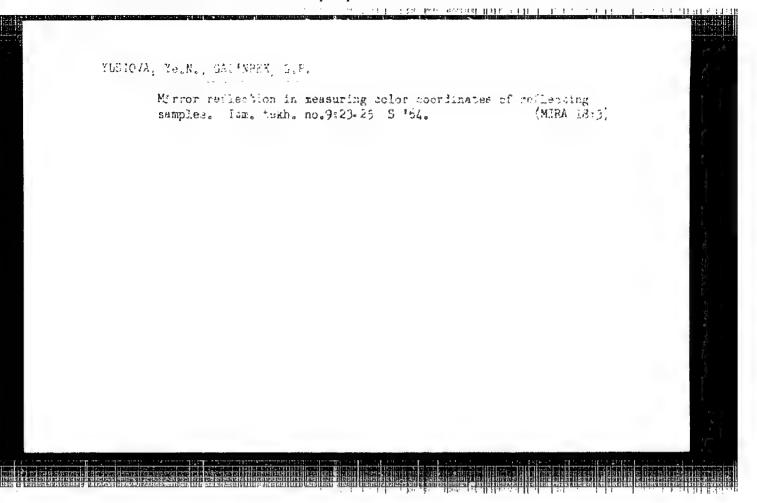
tekhn. nauk; MIKHAYLENKO, A.Ya., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk,
retsenzent [deceased]; ARKHANGEL'SKAYA, M.S., red. izd-va;
KARASEV, A.I., tekhn. red.

[Calculation of pyrometallurgical processes and furnaces for nonferrous metallurgy] Maschety piroprotsessov i pechei tsvetnoi metallurgii. Pod nauchnoi red. D.A.Diomidovskogo. Moskva, Metallurgizdat, 1963. 459 p. (MIRA 16:3) (Nonferrous metals—Metallurgy)

DIYEV, Nikolay Favlovich [deceased]; VERMINICHEV, Sergey
Aleksandrovich; PEN'KO, Aleksandr Stepanovich; GAL'NBEK,
A.A., red.

[Reverberatory smelting of copper concentrates; manual for schools and courses for foremen] Otrazhatel'naia plavka mednykh kontsentratov; posobie dlia shkol i kursov masterov. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Metallurgiia, 1965. 296 p.

(MIRA 18:6)



KUTATA, A.K., dotsent; HALONKINA, I.I., assistent; CALNYKIN, A.Ya.

Precision measurements of dimensions in motion-picture engineering.

Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; prib. no.227-82 '58. (MIRA 11:7)

l.Leningradskiy institut kinoinzhenerov.

(Measuring instruments) (Motion-picture projection)

HUTAY, A.K.; CALNYKIN, A.Ya.; STEPANOV, V.S.

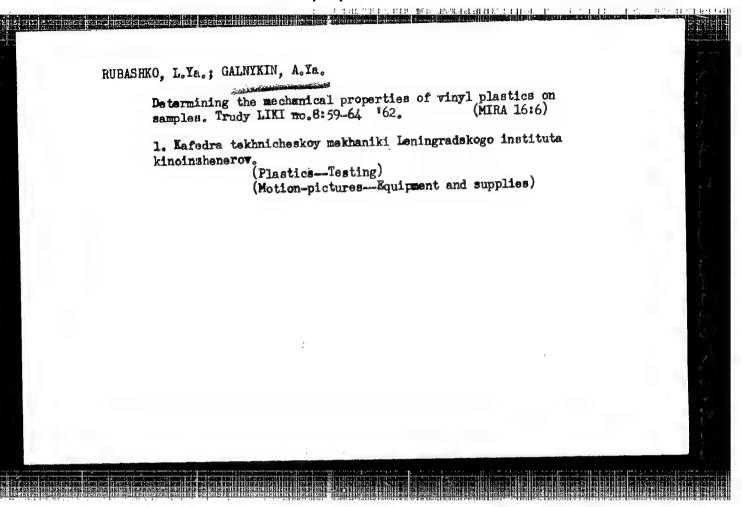
Development and study of the contact method for film gauging.

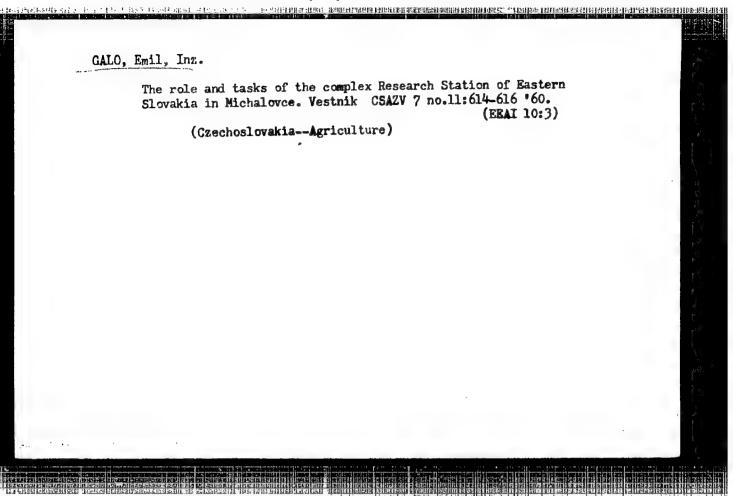
Trudy LIKI no. 5:116-123 '59. (MIRA 13:12)

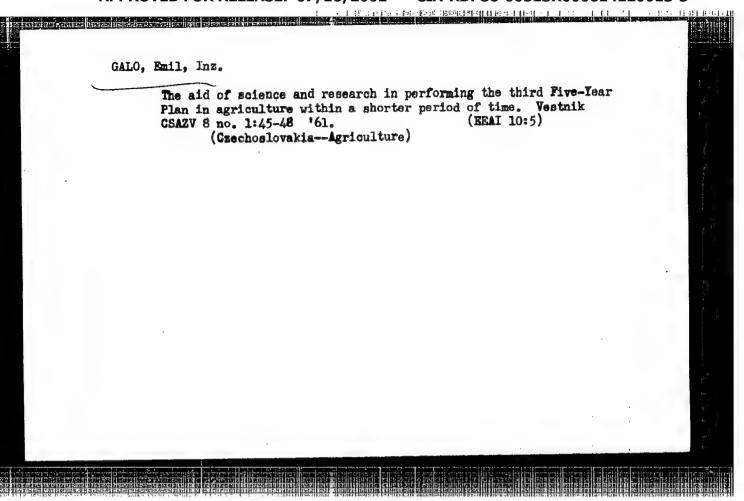
1. Kafedra tekhnologii tochnogo mashinostroyeniya Leningradskogo instituta kinoinzhenerov.

(Motion-picture photography--Films)

(Measuring instruments)



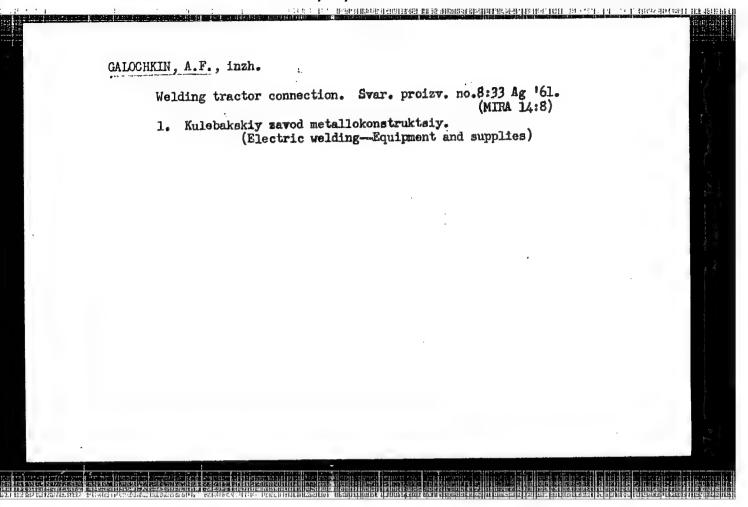




GAIOCHKIN, A.F., inzh.

Device for cleaning the winding welding filler-metal wire in boxes. Svar. proixv. no.7:38 J1 '61. (MIRA 14:6)

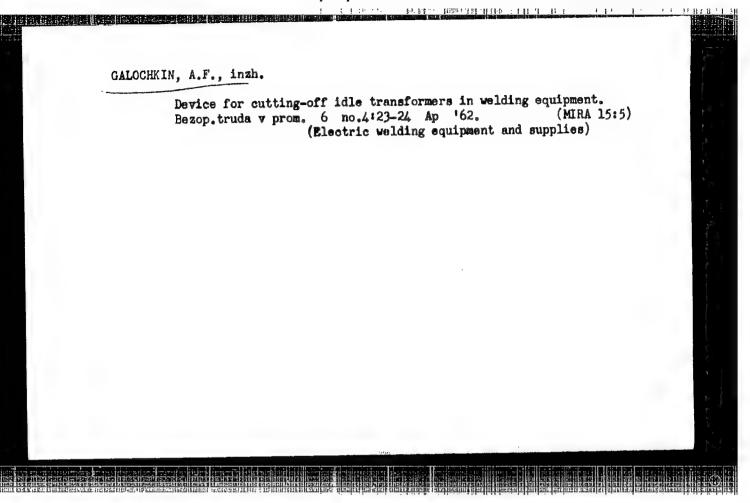
1. Kulebakskiy zavod metallokonstruktsiy. (Welding-Equipment and supplies)

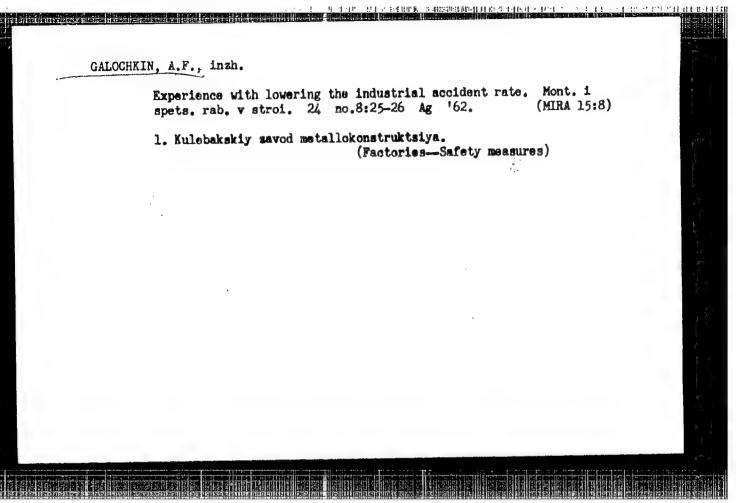


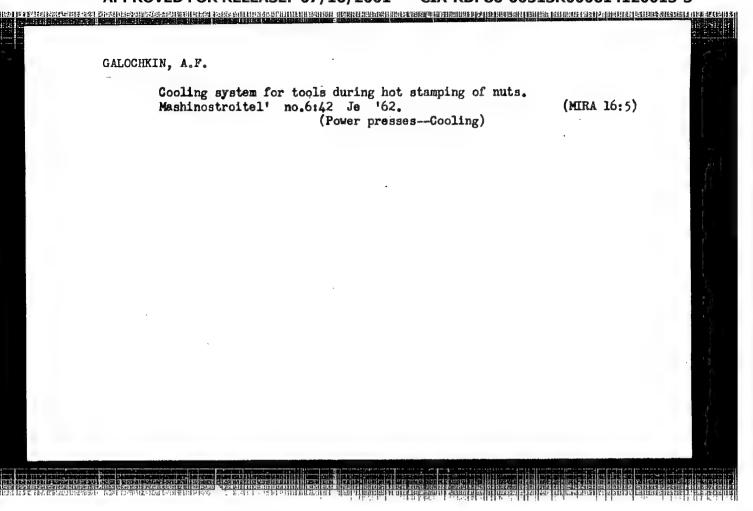
TIKHVINSKIY, V.I., inzh.; GALOCHKIN, A.F., inzh.; KOCHTEKOV, S.N., tekhn.

Crane jeb for assembly operations. Mont. i spet. rab. v stroi. 23 no.7:26-J1 '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Kulebakskiy zavod metallokonstruktsiy.
(Kulebaki—Cranes, derricks, etc.)







GALOGHKIN, A.F., inzh.

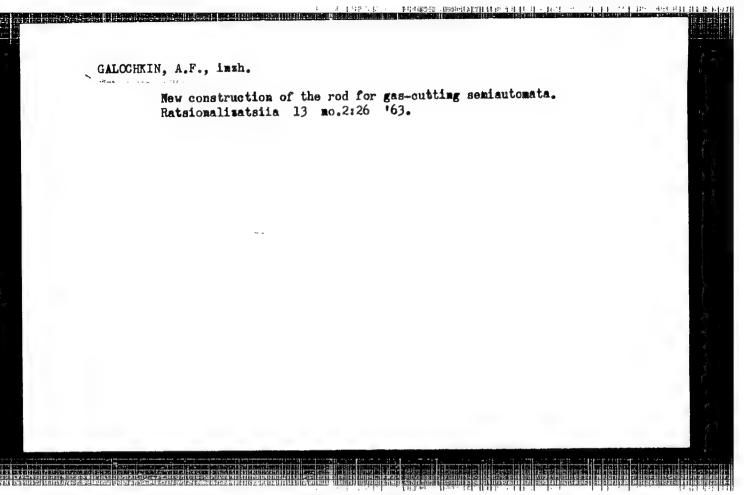
Floating cutter of an automatic gas cutting machine.
Svar. prolzv. no.9:34 S '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Kulebekskiy zavod metallokonstruktsiy.
(Gas welding and cutting)

GALOCHKIN, A.F., inzh.

Rew type of hose for semisutomatic gas—cutting machines. Swar.
proisw. no.11:39 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Kulebakskiy zavod metallokonstruktsiy.
(Gas welding and cutting—Equipment and supplies)



KUTAY, A.K.; GILHYKIN, A.Y.; STFFAHOV, V.S.

Contact method for measuring the geometric parameters of 35 vm motion-picture films. Trudy LIKI no. 11:45-52 164.

1. Kafedra tekhnologii technogo mashinestreyeniyə laningradəkegə instituta kincinzhanerov.

TRONOV, B.V.; PERSHINA, L.A.; MCROZOVA, V.M.; KOVALENOK, A.V.;
GALCCHKIN, A.I.

Thiophosphate derivatives of hydrolytic lignin and their insecticidal effect. Gidroliz. i leuckhim. prom. 14, no.5:10-11 '61.

(MIRA 16:7)

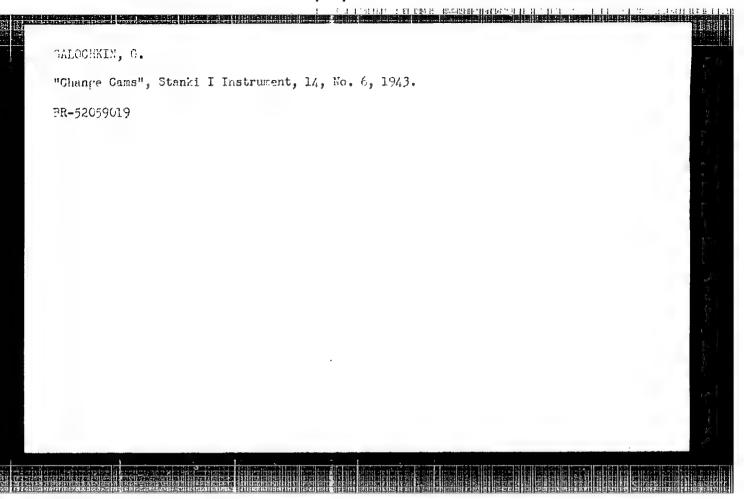
1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.

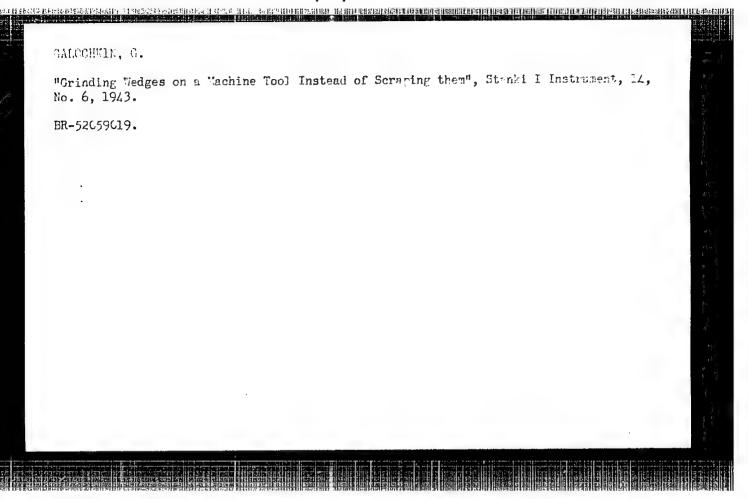
(Lignin) (Insecticides)

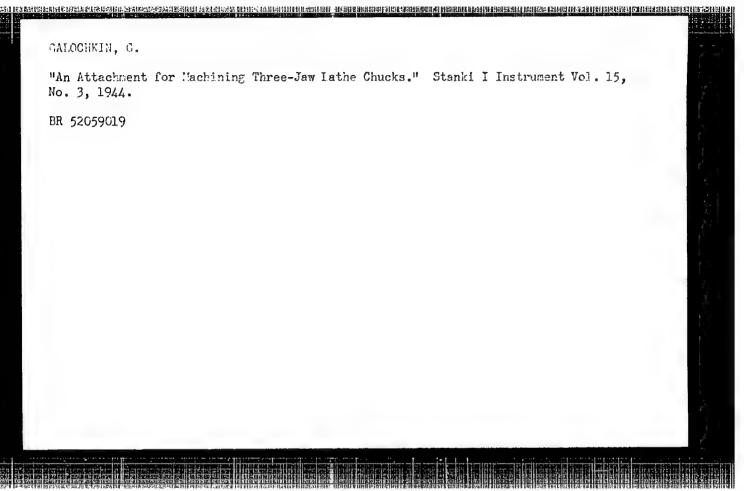
PERSHINA, L.A.; NOVIKOV, A.N.; GALOCHKIN, A.1.

Use of hydrolytic lignin for the production of powdered bakelite-type regins. Report No.2; Preparation of regins at a phenol-lignin ratio of 2:1 and 3:1. Izv. TPI 126:46-50 \*64.

(MIRA 18:7)







CALCONTIN, C., Engineer

"Saving of Abrasives." Stanki I Instrument Vol.15, No.6, 1944

BR 52059019

GALCCHKIN, G. T., Engineer

"Connecting the Electric Motor to the Machine," Stanki I Instrument, 16, Mos. 7-2, 1945

BR-52059019

GAICCHKIN, G. F.

"Setting Up Knock-out Hammers without Dase Bolts," Stanki I Instrument, 14, Nos. 7-1, 1945

BR-52059019

GALOCHKIN, G.P., inzh.-tekhnolog; TKUSHIN, A.I.

Vibration-type power regulator of the TE3 diesel locomotive. Elek. i tepl. tiaga 6 no.10:32-34 0 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Dizel'nyy tsekh Voronezhskogo teplovozoremontnogo zavoda (for Galochkin). 2. Starshiy inzhener teplovoznogo otdeleniya Veesoyuznogo nauchno-iseledovatel'skogo instituta zheleznodorozhnogo transporta Ministerstva putey soobshcheniya (for Nikushin).

(Diesel locomotives-Electric equipment)

GALOCHKIN, G.P., inzh.-tekhnolog

Change in the lead-in of wires to the VP9 rectifier. Klek.i tepl. tiaga 6 nq.12:27 D 62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Dizel'nyy tsekh Voronezhskogo teplovozogamontnogo zavoda.
(Diesel locomotives—Maintenance and repair)